

Governance of Innovation: Key Issues and Research Agenda

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**KELLEY SCHOOL
OF BUSINESS**

INDIANA UNIVERSITY
Kelley Executive Partners



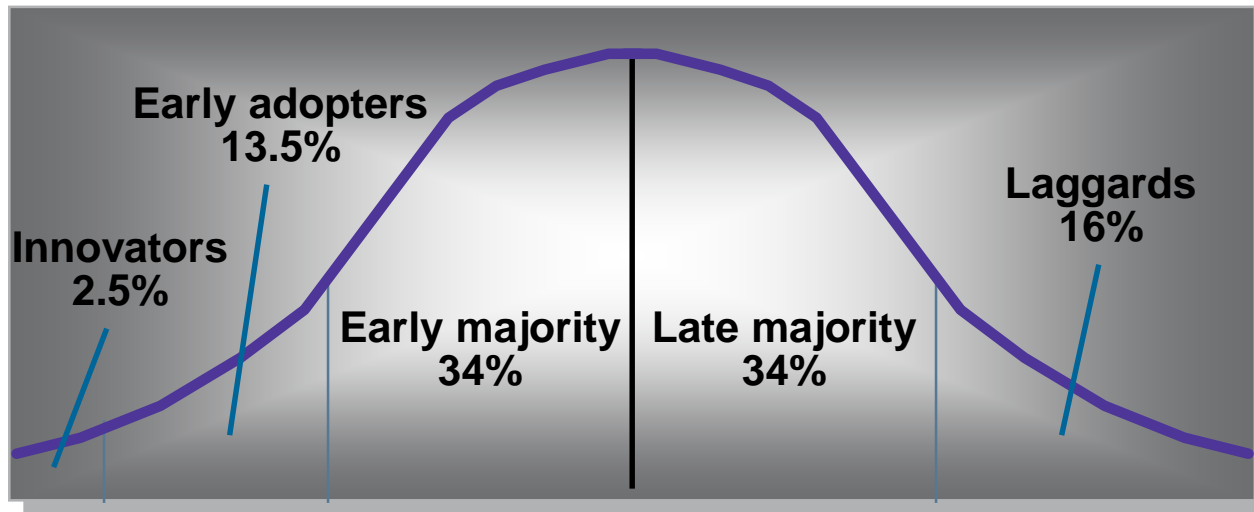
Why Does Innovation Matter?

2018 Best Selling Drugs

Company	Names	Sales
AbbVie	Humira (Adalimumab)	21 billion
Celgene	Revlimid (Lenalidomide)	9.2 billion
Amgen/Pfizer	Enbrel (Etanercept)	7.3 billion
Regeneron/Bayer	Eylea (Aflibercept)	6.5 billion
Roche	Avastin (Bevacizumab)	6.4 billion
Roche	Herceptin (Trastuzuma)	6.4 billion
Roche	Rituxan (Rituximab)	6.4 billion
Jonhson& Johnson	Remicade (Infliximab)	6.3 billion
Jonhson& Johnson/Bayer	Xarelto (Rivaroxaban)	6.1 billion
Merck	Keytruda (Pembrolizumab)	6.1 billion



PLC: WHERE IS IDEATION?



Time →

Innovators:
Venturesome, higher educated, use multiple information sources

Early majority:
Deliberate, many informal social contacts

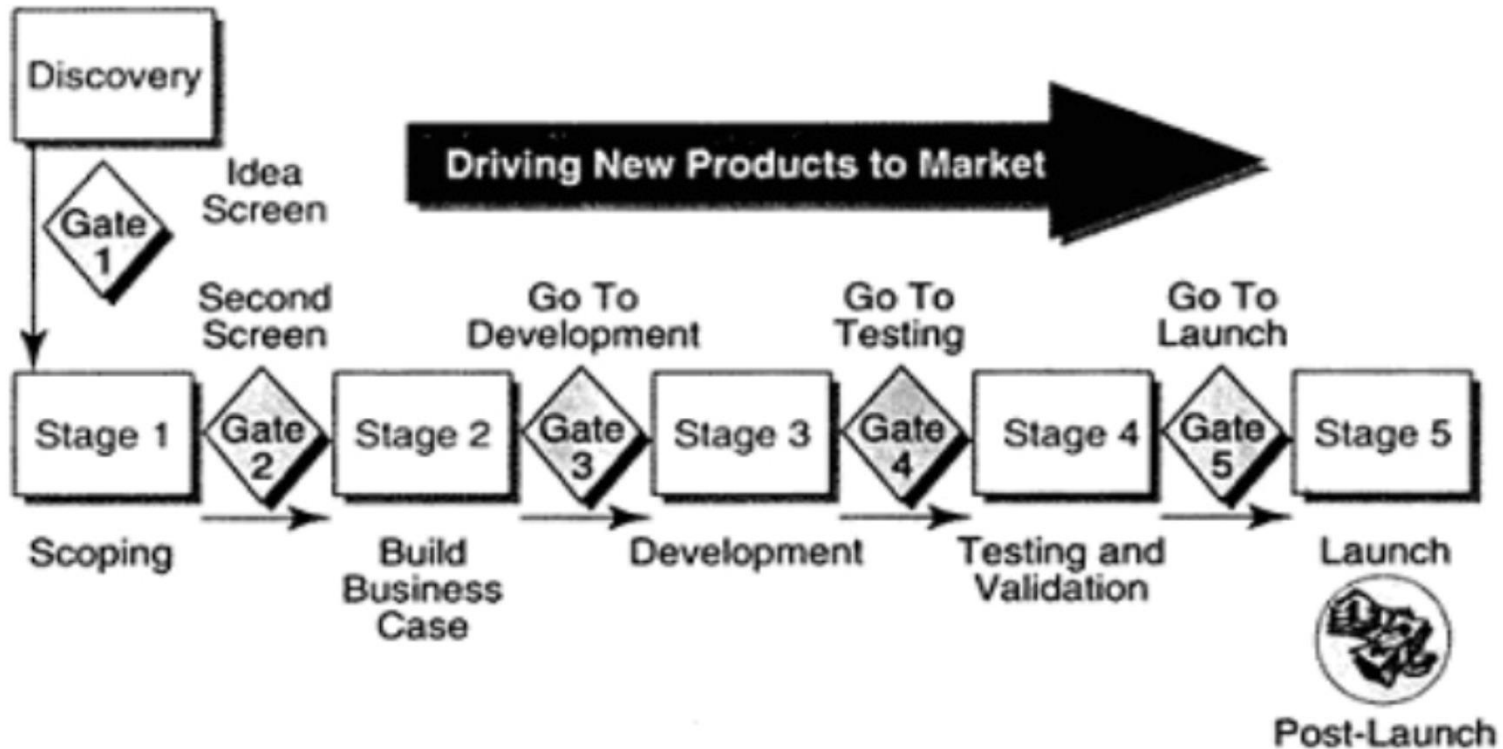
Laggards:
Fear of debt, neighbors and friends are information sources

Early adopters:
Leaders in social setting, slightly above average education

Late majority:
Skeptical, below average social status



Stage – Gate™ model by R. Cooper



From “Optimizing the stage gate process: What best practice companies do” by Cooper, Edgett, and Kleinschmidt.

[Stage-Gate Process \(https://www.stage-gate.com/our-story/\)](https://www.stage-gate.com/our-story/)



STRANGER THINGS?



The case of Post-it



The case of Apple
Mouse



Post-it

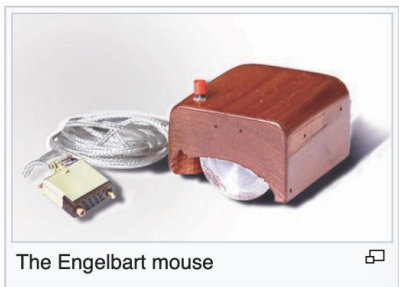
- 1968 - Spencer Silver invents weak adhesive
- 1973 – Art Fry uses it for sticking notes in church choir book
- 1977 – Commercial sales begin, failure
- 1978 – Free samples distributed, success

- 2018 Revenue: \$ 2.3 Billion



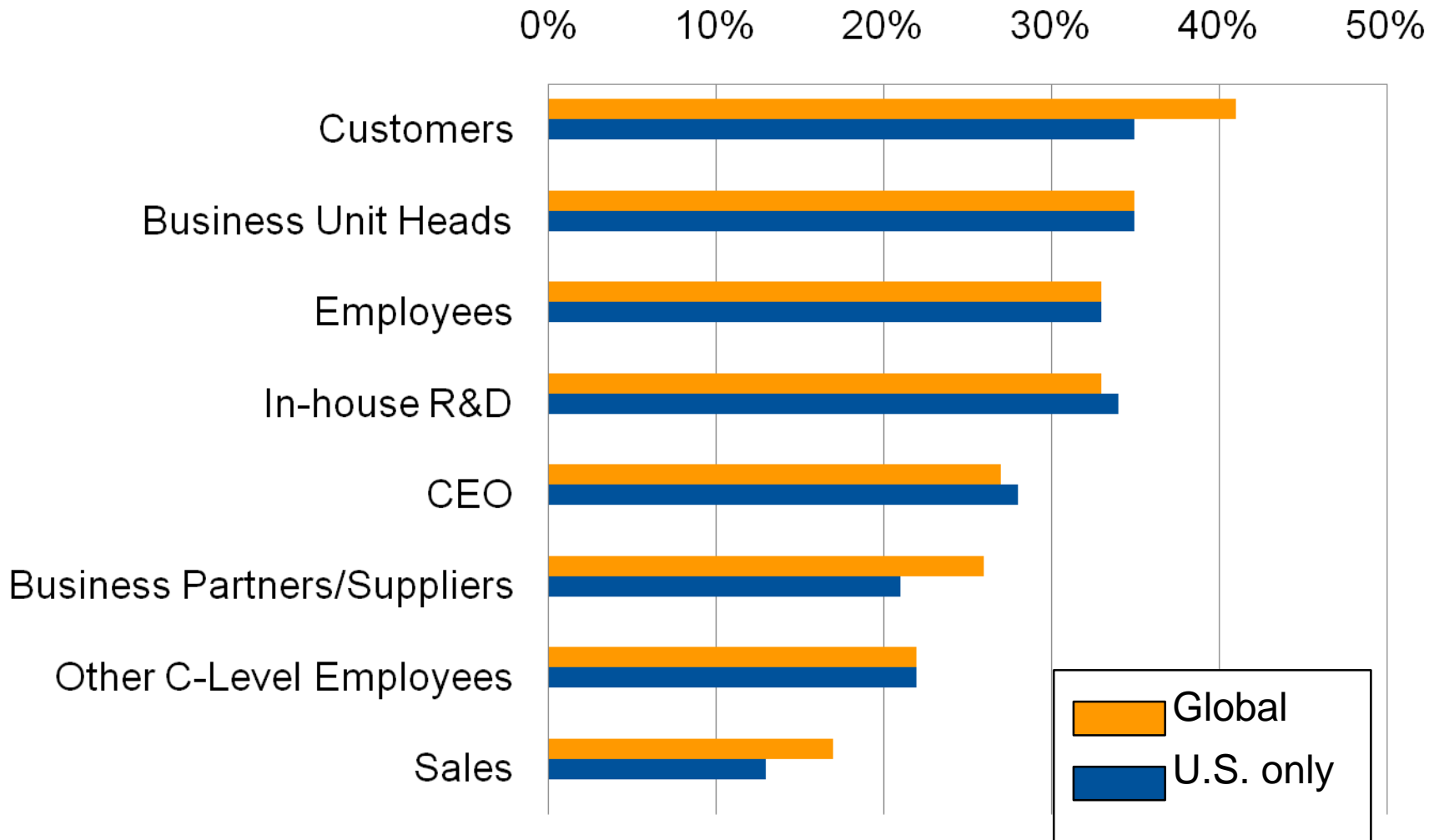
Mouse (<https://dynamis.no/apple-mouse-collection/>)

- 1946 – Trackball, Ralph Benjamin, radar plotting
- 1979 – Apple's visit to XEROX PARC
- 1983 – Apple Lisa Mouse, inspired by PARC
- 1998 – Apple USB Mouse with iMac
- 2003 – Apple Cordless Mouse
- 2009 – Apple Magic Mouse





Sources of Innovation



Economist Intelligence Unit and Grant Thornton survey of Business Exec, June 2010
"Innovation: The Key to Future Success?" Global results shown here.



Research Examples

Patent Pools

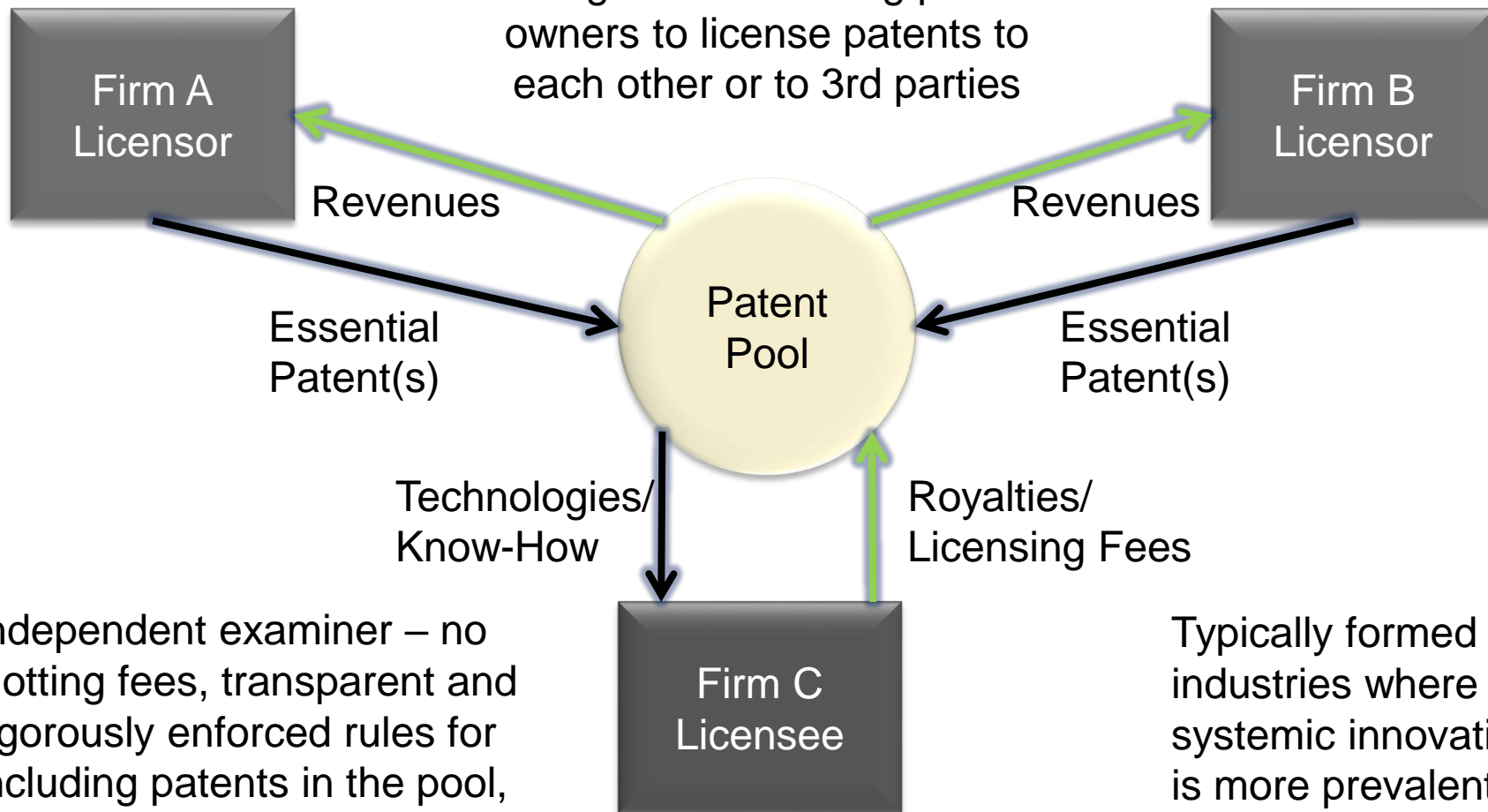
Open Source

Crowdsourcing



Patent Pools

What is a Patent Pool?
An agreement among patent owners to license patents to each other or to 3rd parties



Independent examiner – no slotting fees, transparent and rigorously enforced rules for including patents in the pool, licensing must be Reasonable and Non-Discriminatory (RAND)

Typically formed in industries where systemic innovation is more prevalent than autonomous innovation



- Open is not free
 - Linux (RedHat, IBM)
 - Android (Google, Samsung)

Free as in “free speech” not
“free beer”



3. Crowdsourcing



Crowdsourcing: Harnessing resources from the crowd

Ideation: Dell's Ideastorm

Curation: Wikipedia

Ideation & Curation: SourceForge, Github

Crowdfunding: Kickstarter, Indiegogo

Tournaments: Innocentive

Crowdvesting: Prosper.com, lendingtree.com

Charity/help: kiva.org, gofundme.com



Does it matter

\$4,568,421,834

total dollars pledged to Kickstarter projects

171,034

Successfully funded projects

16,921,230

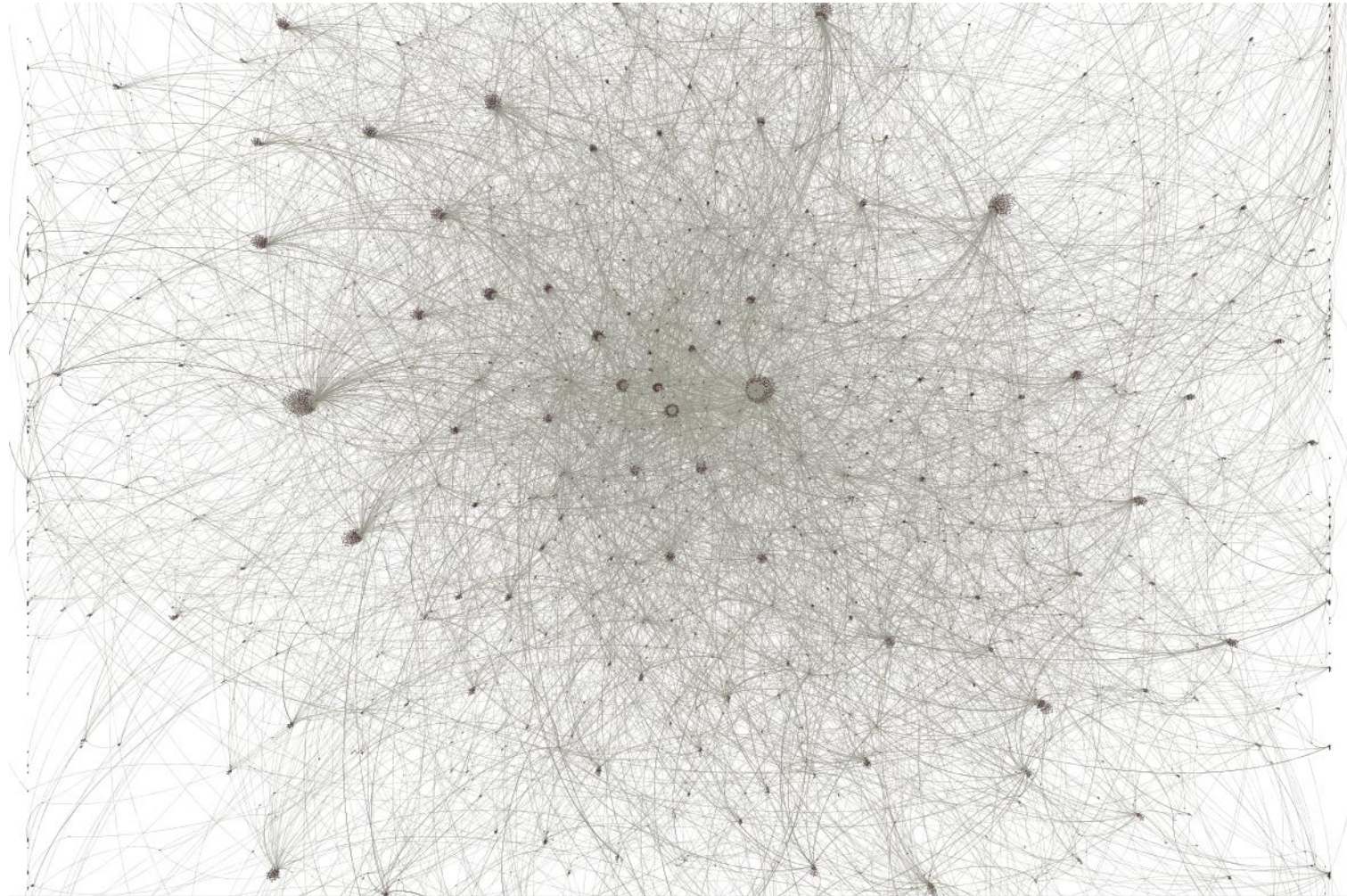
Total backers

5,565,471

Repeat backers

56,686,083

Total pledges



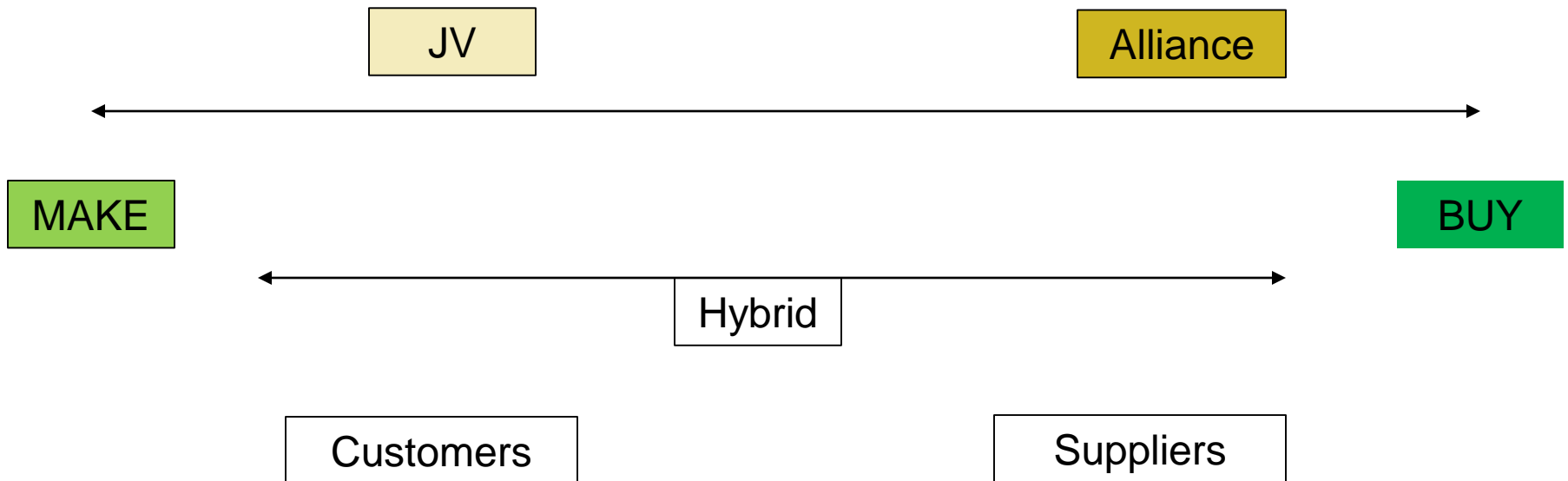


Sources of Innovation

- Customers
 - Lead User Innovation (e.g., 3M)
 - Netflix and Amazon
- Distributors
 - McDonald's (Big Mac, egg McMuffin)
- Employees
 - IBM's Skunkworks
- Users
 - Linux Operating System (e.g., RedHat – Intel, Google, IBM)
 - Android Operating System (Google, Intel)
 - Hadoop (Big Data storage – Google, Yahoo)
 - Kickstarter, Indiegogo
 - Innocentive, Dell's Ideastorm

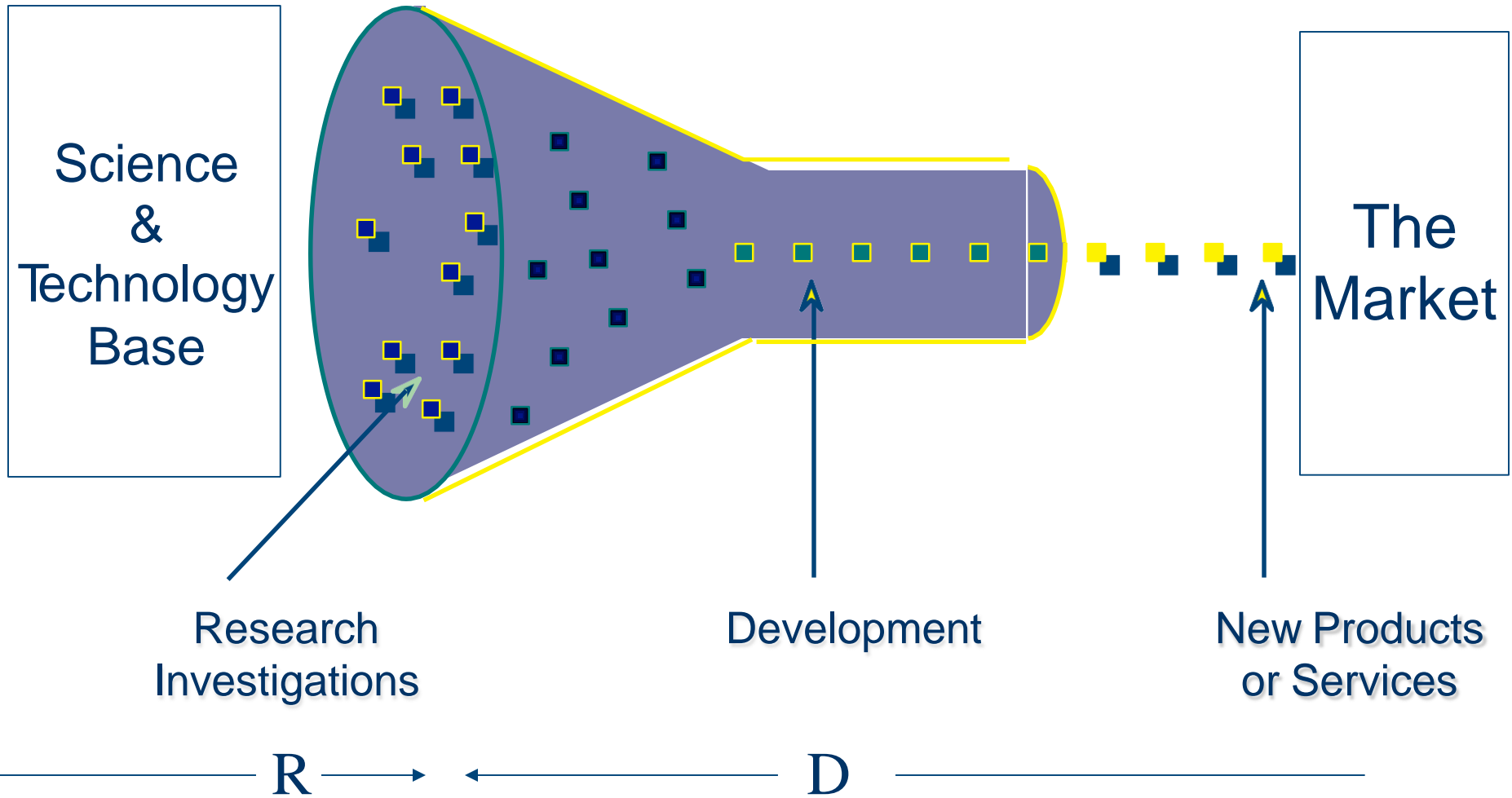


Make it or Buy it – R&D





A Closed Innovation System



Source: Henry Chesbrough



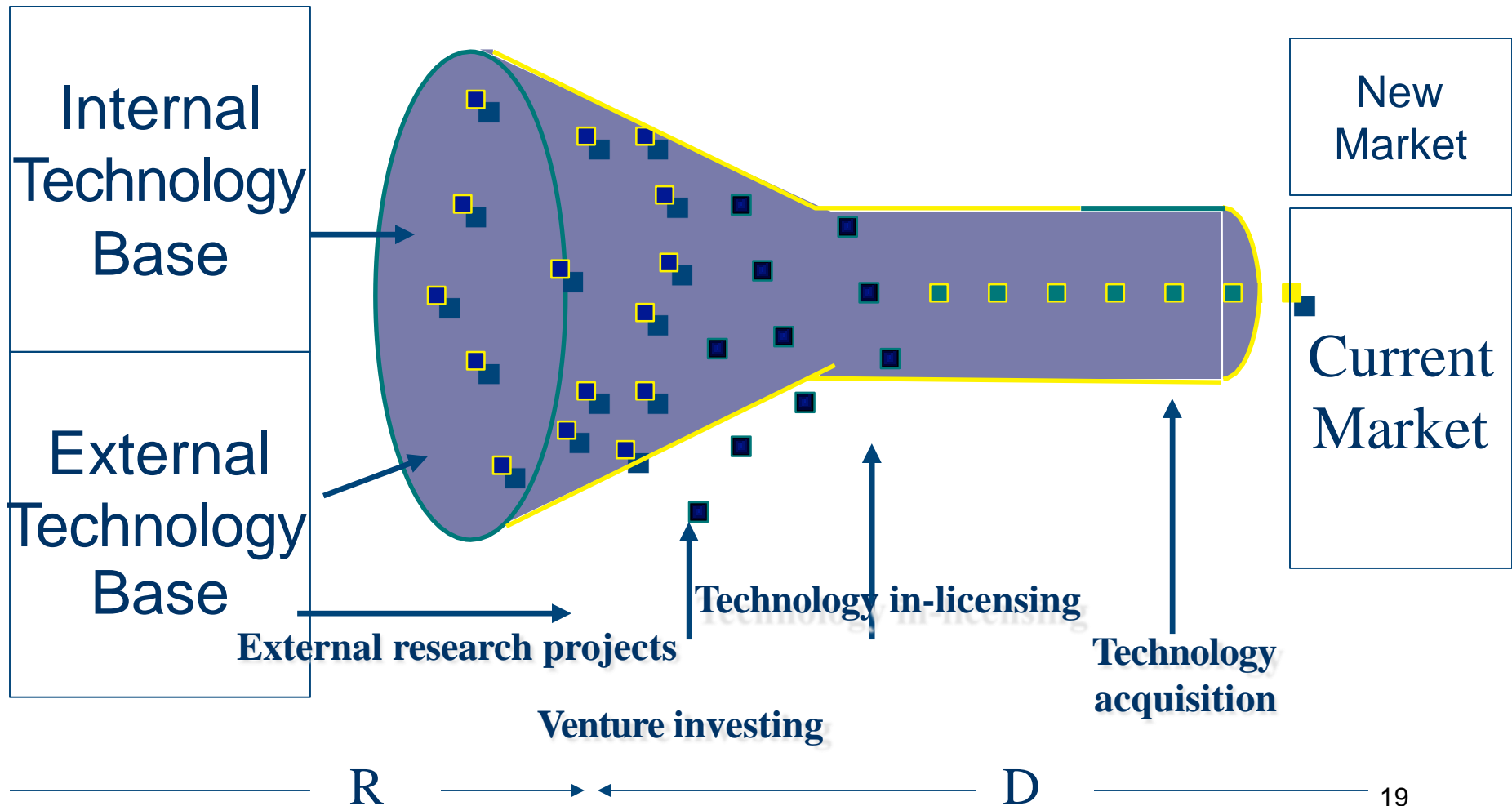
What is Open Innovation?

“Open innovation is the use of purposive inflows and outflows of knowledge to **accelerate internal innovation, and expand the markets for external use of innovation, respectively.**”

Chesbrough, Vanhaverbeke, West
Open Innovation: Researching a New Paradigm (2006)

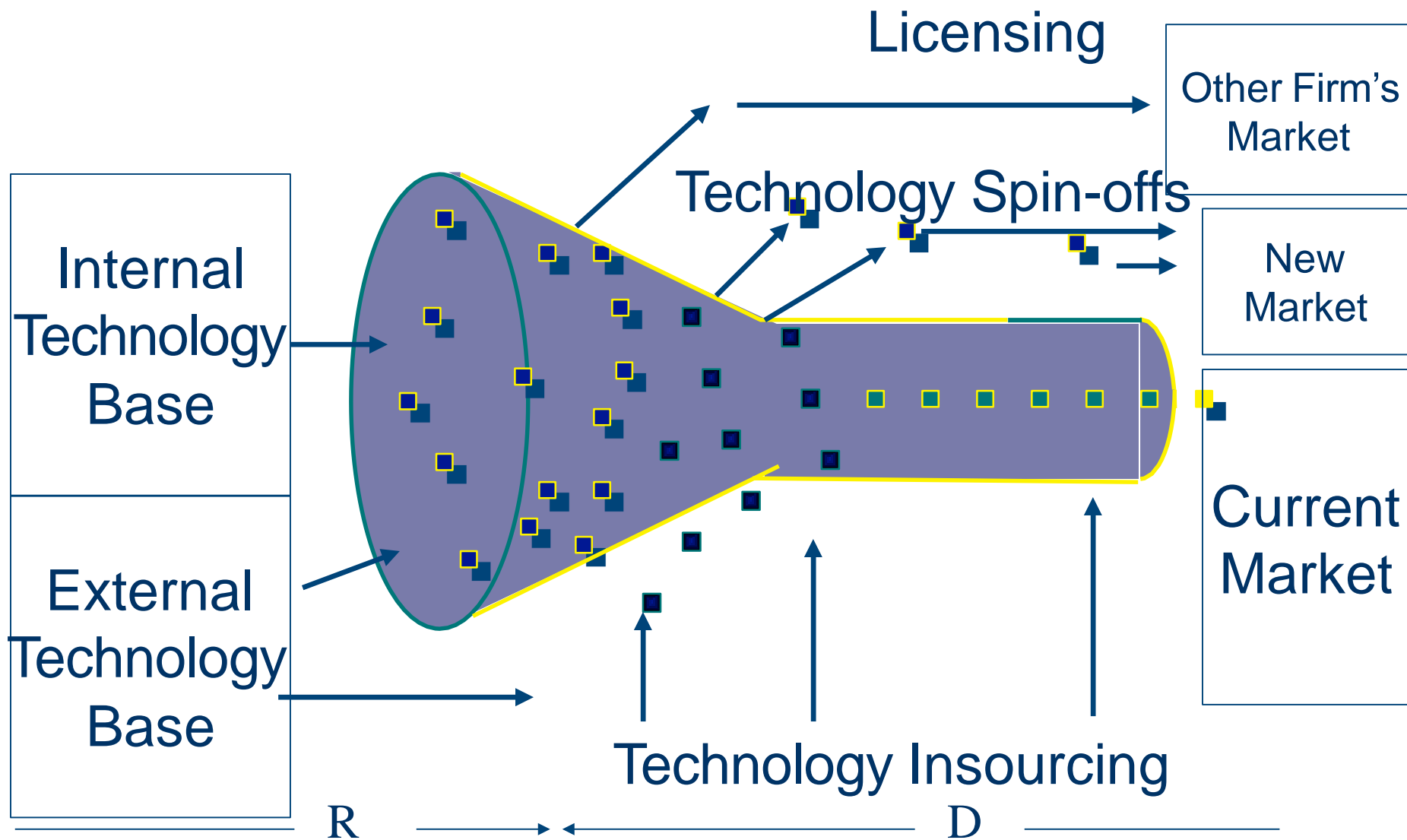


Inbound OI: Filling gaps with external technology





Outbound OI: Profiting from others' use of your technology





Creative Destruction: Joseph Schumpeter (1934)

1999	2009	2019
Microsoft (583)	PetroChina (376)	Microsoft (1090)
GE (504)	Exxon (341)	Apple (980)
Cisco (353)	ICBC (257)	Amazon (950)
Exxon (283)	Microsoft (212)	Alphabet (778)
Walmart (283)	China Mobile(201)	Facebook (546)
Intel (271)	Walmart (189)	Berkshire Hathaway (507)
NTT (262)	China Co Bank (182)	Alibaba (435)
Lucent (252)	Petrobras (165)	Tencent (431)
Nokia (197)	J&J (157)	Visa (379)
BP (196)	Shell (156)	J&J (376)



Closing Thoughts

- Innovation is difficult, but pays off
- Many paths to success
 - Apple vs. Samsung
- Threats loom everywhere
 - Uber, Netflix, Tesla